

SDSS II Supernovae with BOSS Host-redshift

Heather Campbell

Thanks to my collaborators:
Bob Nichol, Hubert Lampeitl,
Mat Smith and all the team

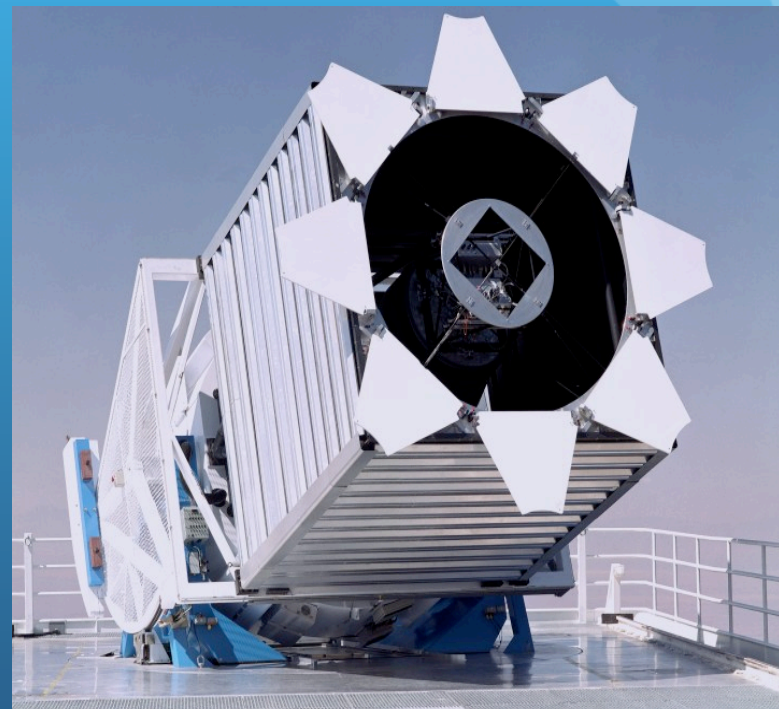


Plan

- SALT2
- False Discovery Rate
- Hubble Diagram
- Work in progress: Cosmological Constraints
- Work in progress: Bias testing
- Summary and further work

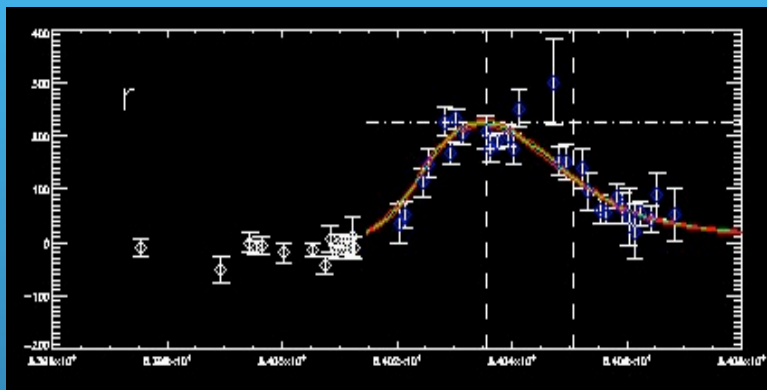
SALT2

- 658 SN host galaxies with accurate redshifts
- Plug all into SALT2 to fit the light curve
- 580 ran successfully through SALT2
- 78 failed to be fitted by SALT2

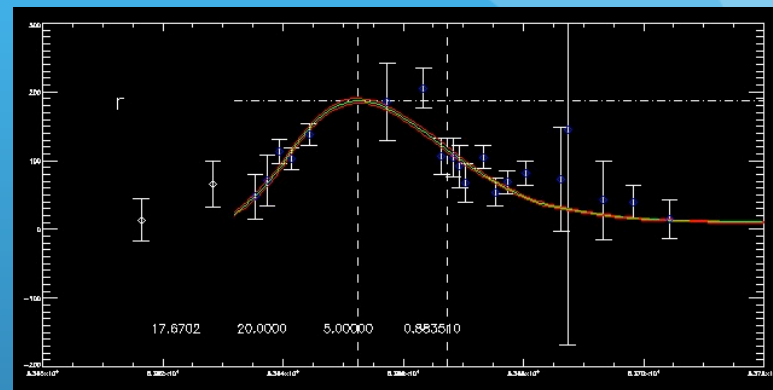


Examples of light curves: fitted with SALT2

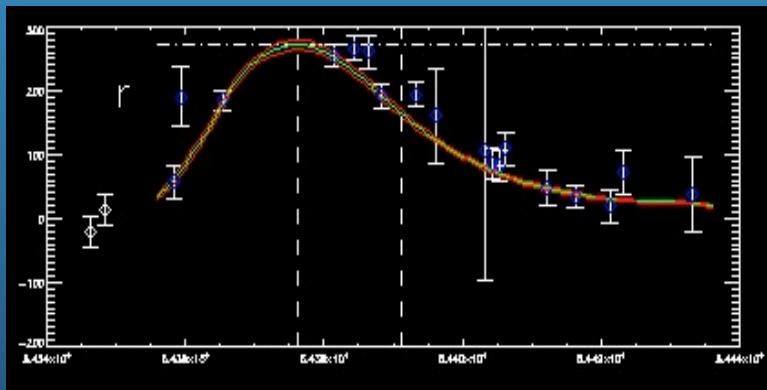
$\alpha = 0.1$
 $B = 2.77$



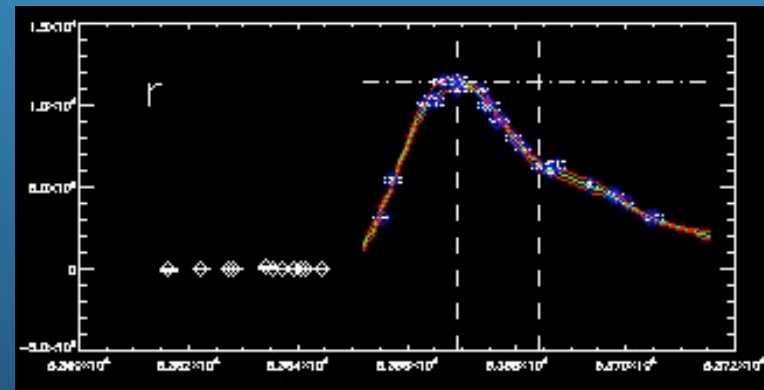
Z=0.3961



Z=0.4893

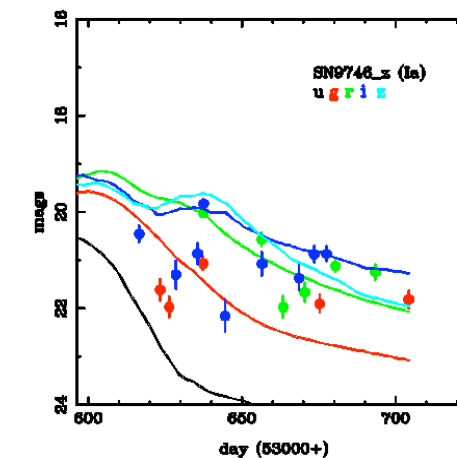
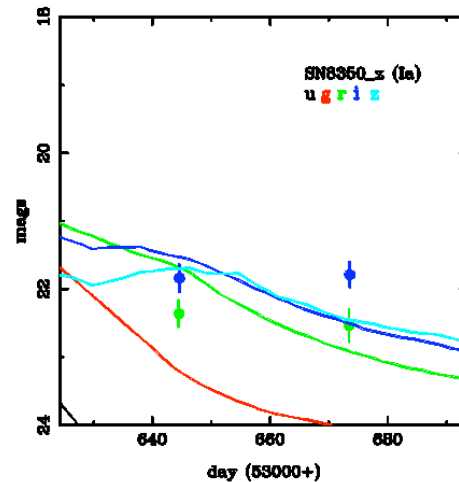
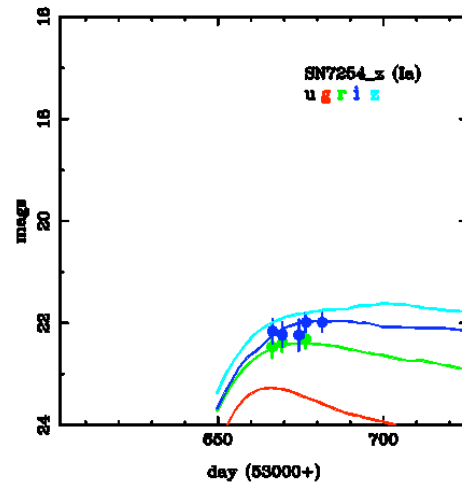
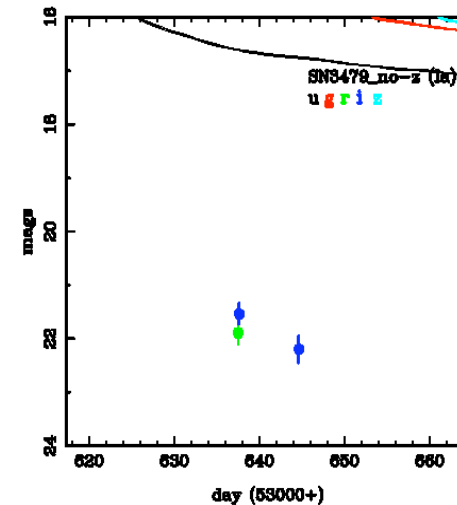
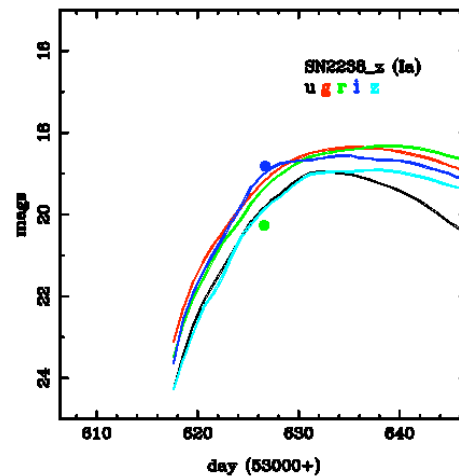
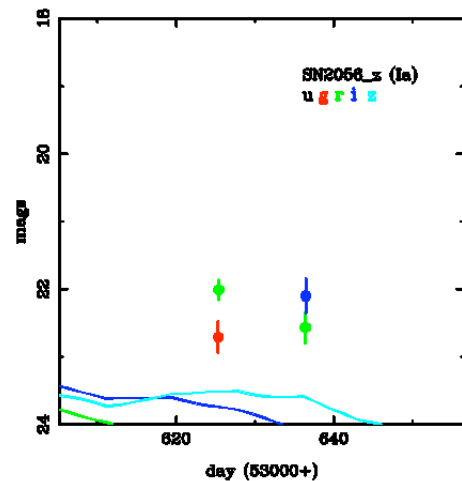


Z=0.3319



Z=0.0495

Examples of light curves: 78 failed SALT2



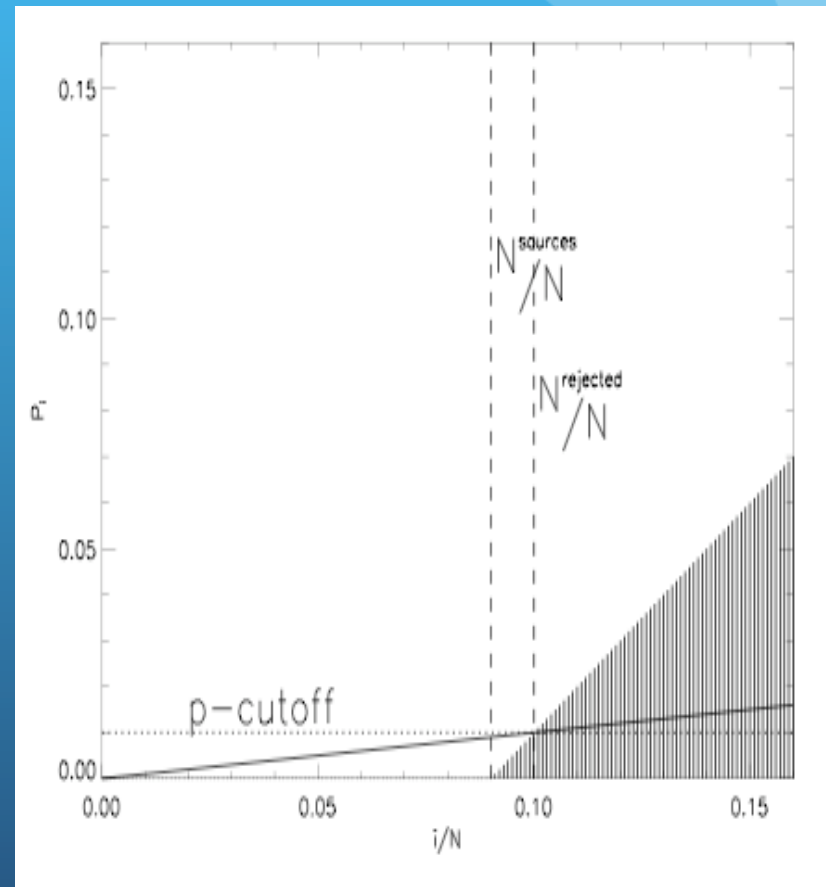
False Discovery Rate (FDR)

Miller et al. 2001

- Adaptively control the number of false discoveries (fraction of false rejections made over the total number of rejections performed) made when conducting multiple hypothesis tests.
- Left of line are rejected

$$\text{FDR} = \frac{N_{\text{null true}}^{\text{reject}}}{N^{\text{reject}}} = \frac{N_{\text{null true}}^{\text{reject}}}{N_{\text{null true}}^{\text{reject}} + N_{\text{null false}}^{\text{reject}}},$$

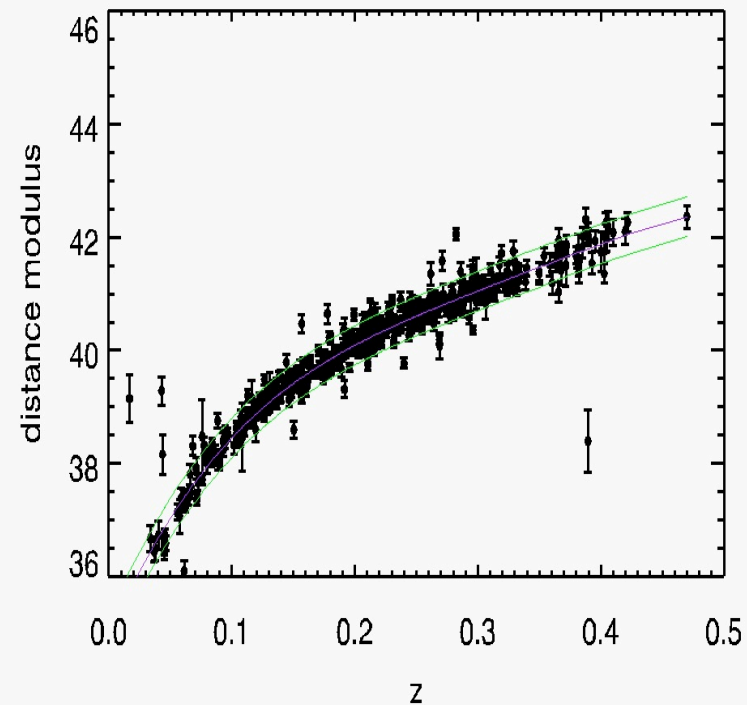
$$\langle \text{FDR} \rangle \leq \alpha.$$



Hubble Diagram 1

SDSS II spectral sample

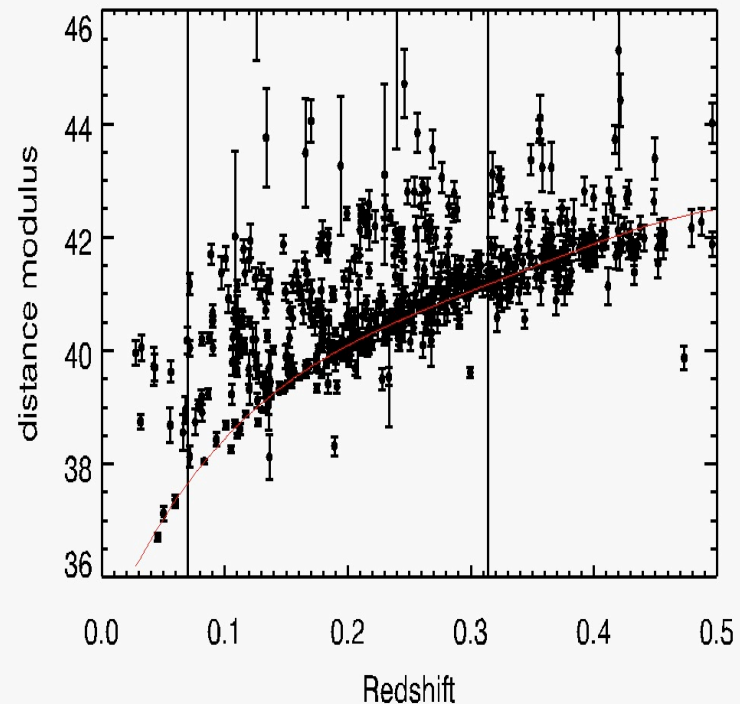
- Plotted a Hubble diagram of the confirmed type Ia for SDSS II and fitted a 4th order polynomial to it.
- Overlaid this line on all the spectrally classified data.
- Used False Discovery Rate to remove SN with a low probability of belonging to the Ia distribution.



Hubble Diagram 2

All BOSS first year

- Distance modulus calculated for 580 supernovae, which ran through SALT2.
- Put all on Hubble Diagram ignoring type.
- Overlaid polynomial line from spectral type Ia on the unclassified BOSS data.



Hubble Diagram 3

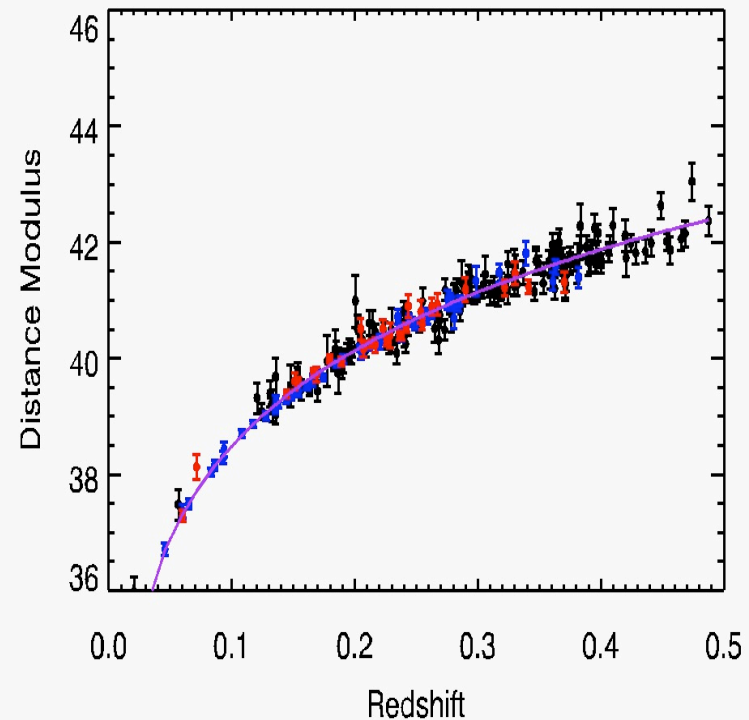
BOSS first year -Type Ia

- Used False Discovery Rate to remove SN with a low probability of belonging to the Ia distribution.
- New Hubble diagram of 235 SN with host redshifts

Blue = spec Ia = 52

Red = already had host spectra = 30

Black = new = 153

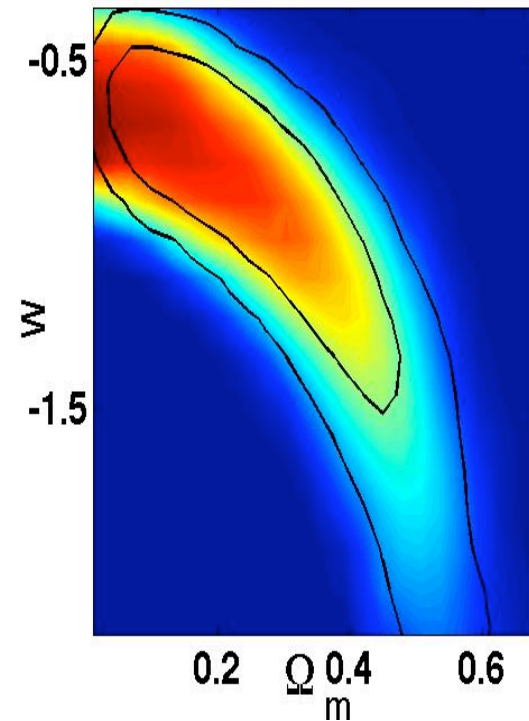


Work in progress: Cosmological Constraints

BOSS 235 SN Ia fitted in cosmomc

- Using Cosmological MonteCarlo (COSMOMC)
- Fortran 90 Markov-Chain Monte-Carlo (MCMC) engine for exploring cosmological parameter space
- Just this new data
- In future: use in combination with other probes. (BAO, WMAP etc)

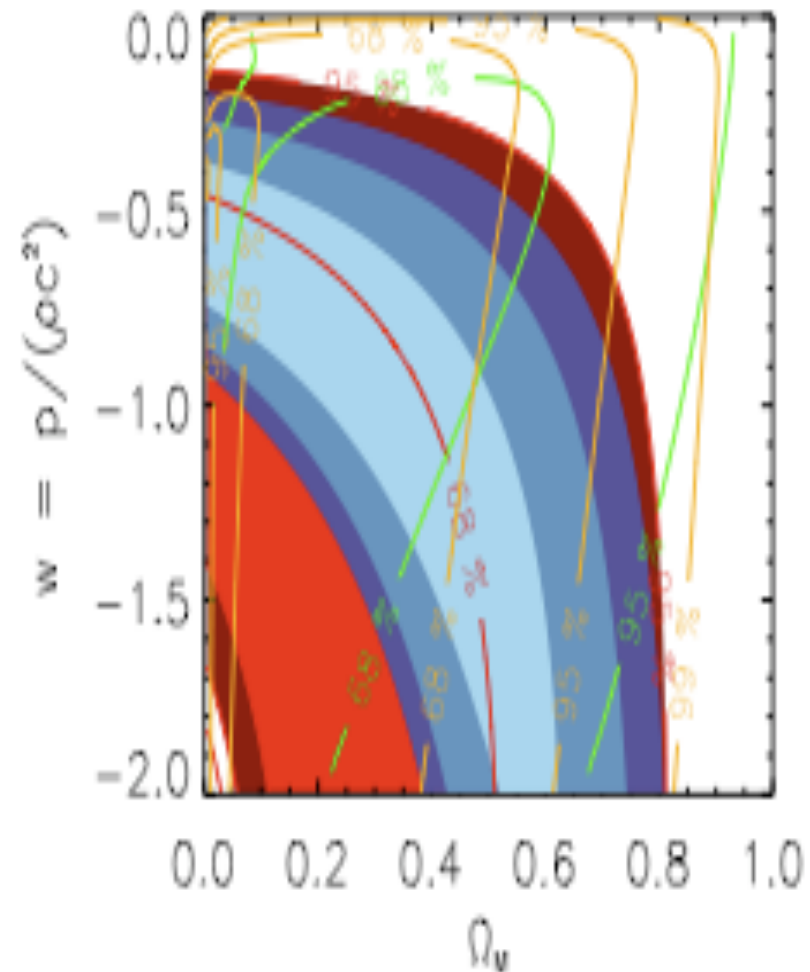
68% and 95% confidence limits
color-shaded regions show the mean likelihood of the sample



Work in progress: Cosmological Constraints

Lampeitl et al. 2009

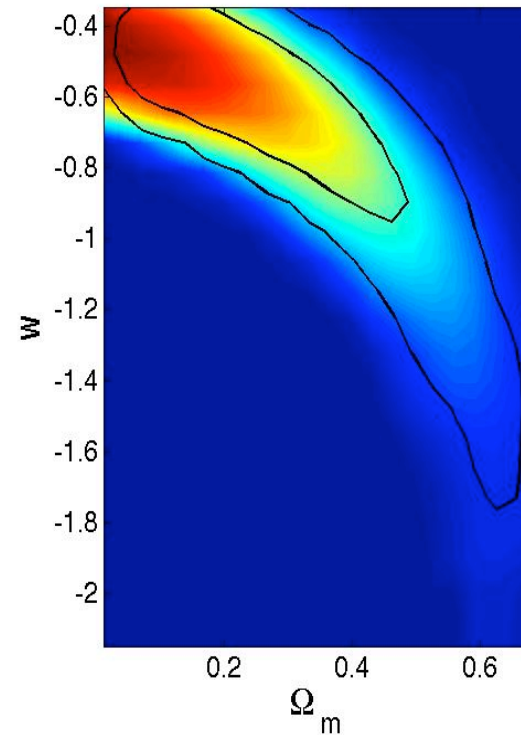
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Work in progress: Bias testing

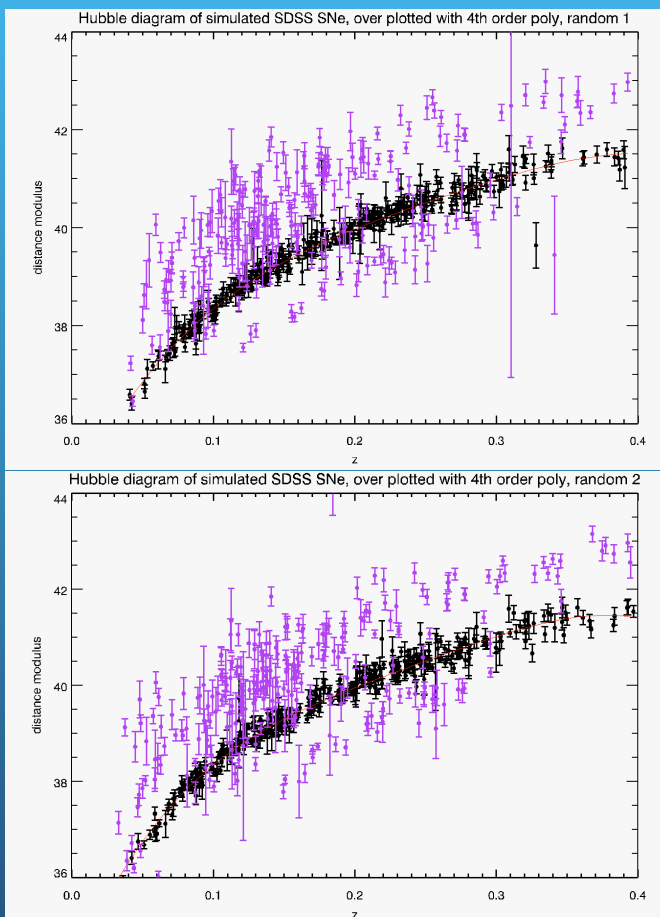
SDSS II spectrally confirmed

- 1) SDSS II spectrally confirmed
- 2) SDSS Simulations (Kessler)
 - Cosmological analysis of Type Ia and compared to my cut on all supernovae

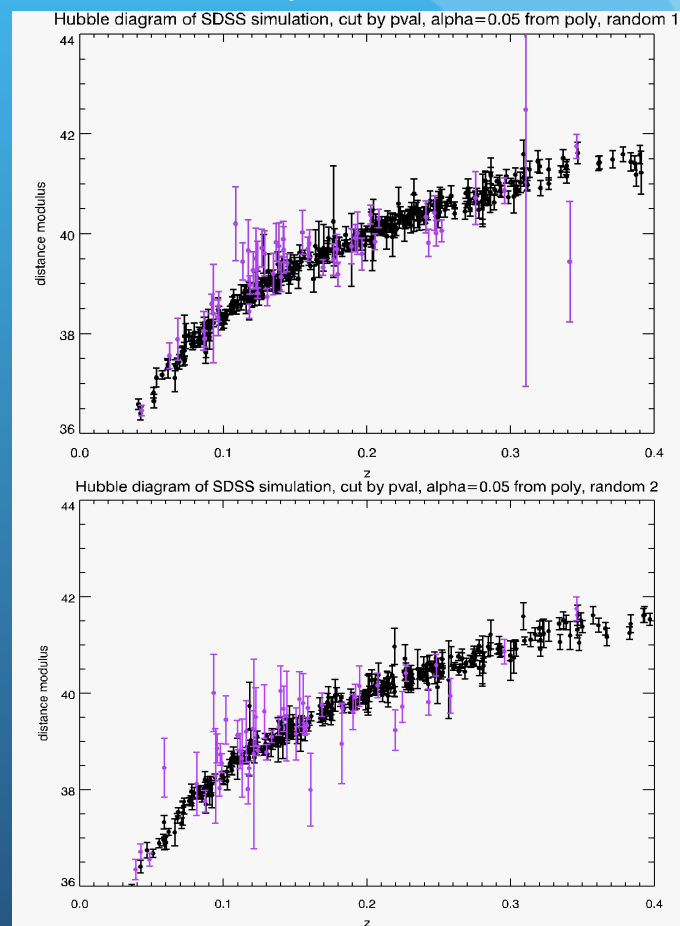


Bias - SDSS simulation

Random: type Ia plus not Ia

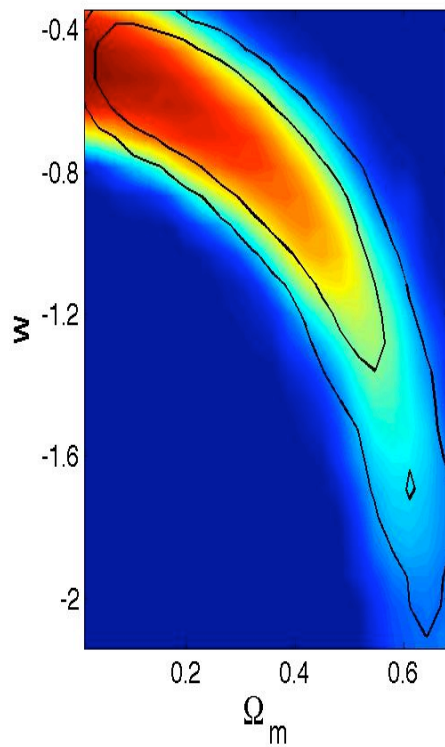


My classified Ia

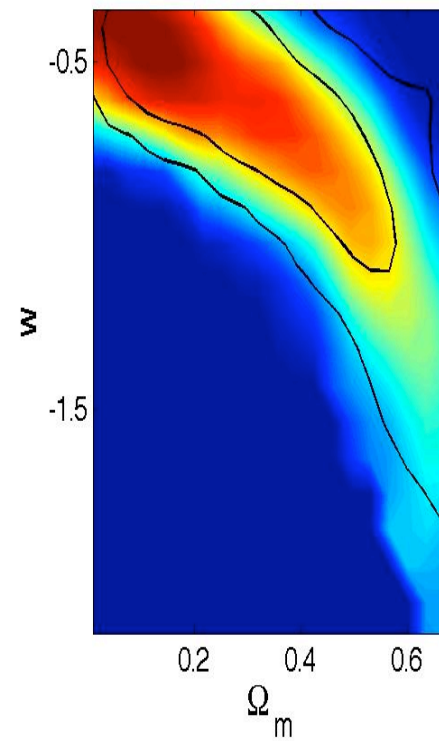


Bias - SDSS simulation

Random 1: type Ia



My classified Ia



Summary

- 658 reliable Host galaxy redshifts
- New method for rejecting non Ia's, maybe useful for future surveys.
- New Hubble diagram with 235 SN Ia (52 spec Ia, 30 host spectra, 153 new)

Further Work

- All Host Galaxy Redshifts by the end of October!!
- Find the best fit cosmology
- Investigate the bias caused by the polynomial fit and look at alternative classification methods
- Paper of cosmological analysis next year